

Population Education in Tripura

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Tripura is a small state and the total area of the state is 10,491 sq. kms. The density of population of the state was 149 persons per sq. kms. in 1971 and 196 persons per sq. kms. in 1981. The State Institute of Education has been conducting seminars, training camps etc, for the awareness of population education. The real object of the population education is to help the teachers and students to realise the socio-economic problem that we have to face due to population explosion. It also helps the students regarding the right attitude towards population education. Orientation and training key personnel, supervisory staff, Headmasters and teachers actually help to control the situation. In Tripura there is a State level advisory committee for the purpose of advising the population Education Cell at SIE in the effective implementation of the population education project.

Population explosion an important national problems that the leaders of our country have to face. If population continues to increase, the demand for basic necessities like food, clothing and accomodation increases and when this demand is not adequately met, necessarily there occurs a pinch in the society. Growth of population or population explosion is now a common problem all over the world. Due to increase of population, men have been felling trees to have more agricultural land and cities for the growing population and setting up industries.

Education is the concurrent subject and it is the duty of both the Central and State Governments for proper implementation of the same. In Tripura this project is generally handled by the State Institute of Education. UNESCO provides academic and technical guidance from time to time. The Government of Tripura has accepted population Education as an integral part of school curriculum. Family Welfare programme is now popular and family planning movement is going on to create an awareness due to the rapid growth of population it is not possible on our part to provide the basic needs of a man like food, shelter and clothing. The developing countries like India must adopt measures for checking the rapid growth of population. Population education is thus becoming popular and training of orientation cum short course for teachers has been prescribed for 3 days.

Distribution of Populations in Tripura. (1981 Census).

District	Sub-Division	Population of the Sub-Division	Population of the District.
West			
Tripura District	1. Sadar	6,30,958	9,76,252
	a) Agartala	M-1,32,186	
	b) Jirania	Block 1,14,135	
	c) Mohanpur	Block 1,35,202	
	d) Bishalgarh	Block 2,49,435	
	2. Khowai	2,11,868	
	a) Khowai	Town 10,722	
	b) Khowai	Block 74,550	
	c) Teliamura	Block 1,26,596	
	3. Sonamura	1,33,426	
	a) Sonamura	Town 6,380	
	b) Melagarh	Block 1,27,046	
North			
Tripura District	1. Dharmanagar	2,29,483	5,41,248
	a) Dharmanagar	Tn. 20,806	
	b) Kanchanpur	Block 77,149	
	c) Panisagar	Block 1,31,528	

	2. Kailasahar	1,90,787	
	a) Kailasahar		
	Town	12,938	
	b) Chawmanu	63,298	
	c) Kumarghat		
	Block	1,41,551	
	3. Kamalpur	1,20,978	
	a) Kamalpur		
	Town	3,688	
	b) Salema		
	Block	1,17,290	
South			
Tripura	1. Udaipur	1,59,973	5,35,558
District	a) Udaipur		
	Town	16,304	
	b) Matarbari		
	Block	1,43,669	
	2. Amarpur	1,13,431	
	a) Amarpur		
	Town	7,150	
	b) Amarpur		
	Block	80,809	
	c) Dumburnagar		
	Bk.	25,472	
	3. Belonia	1,82,836	
	a) Belonia		
	Town	12,054	
	b) Bogafa		
	Block	91,578	
	c) Rajnagar		
	Block	79,204	
	4. Sabroom	79,79,318	
	a) Sabroom		
	Town	3,340	
	b) Stachand		
	Block	75,978	
	TOTAL :		20,53,058

